$2,110,150$ is the estimated \# of new nicotine vaping initiates in $8^{\text {th }}$ through $12^{\text {th }}$ grade for the 33 month period spanning September 2021 through May 2024.

Details on this estimate below.

```
Question text:
    When (if ever) did you FIRST do each of the following things?
    8="Never" 1="Grade 6 or below" 2="Grade 7" 3="Grade 8" 4="Grade 9" 5="Grade 10" 6="Grade 11" 7="Grade 12"
            a. Smoke your first cigarette
            b. Smoke cigarettes on a daily basis
            c. Try smokeless tobacco (snuff, plug, chewing tobacco, snus, dissolvable tobacco)
            d. Vape an e-liquid with nicotine (JUUL, e-cigarette, e-pen, etc.)
```

Students coded for having started vaping since start of school year if (a) in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade and reported started in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade, or (b) in $10^{\text {th }}$ grade and reported starting in $10^{\text {th }}$ grade, or (c) in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade and reported started in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade.

This question asked of a $5 / 6$ randomly-selected sample in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade and in $10^{\text {th }}$ grade, and of a $2 / 3$ randomly-selected sample in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade.

The question on grade of first nicotine vaping added to the survey in 2020.

Table 1: Percentage of Student Population that Initiated Nicotine Vaping Since Start of School Year, by Time period and Grade

| Year | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | $2024^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ 8th grade | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 2.9 |
| 9th grade $^{\text {b }}$ | 4.3 | 4.9 | 4.15 | 2.6 |
| 10th grade $^{\text {11th grade }}$ | 3.5 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 2.3 |
| 12th grade | 3.35 | 3.95 | 3.4 | 2.15 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Estimates for 2024 based on surveys collected through April 2024 (total $\mathrm{n}=16,601$ )
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Estimate for this grade interpolated as average of estimates from adjoining grades.
Table 2: Number of Students that Initiated Nicotine Vaping Since Start of School Year in the 33 Month Period from September 2021 through May 2024, by Time period and Grade

|  | $9 / 21$ through | All of | All of | $1 / 24$ through |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time period | $12 / 21$ | 2022 | 2023 | $5 / 24^{\text {a }}$ |
| Number of months | 4 | 12 | 12 | 5 |
| Grade |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ 8th grade | 69180 | 209635 | 168530 | 49668 |
| 9th grade | 59359 | 204975 | 173601 | 45318 |
| 10th grade | 49155 | 200025 | 178745 | 40785 |
| 11th grade | 44185 | 157875 | 135893 | 35805 |
| 12th grade | 39472 | 119611 | 97184 | 31149 |

## Total $=$ sum of blue cells $=\mathbf{2 , 1 1 0 , 1 5 0}$

Source: Monitoring The Future
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Estimates for 2024 based on surveys collected through April 2024 (total $\mathrm{n}=16,601$ )
Notes:

- Estimates use sampling weights to take into account complex sampling design of Monitoring the Future.
- Number of new initiates (blue numbers in Table 2) is \% new initiates (see Table 1) multiplied by population size. Total \# of students in $8^{\text {th }}, 10^{\text {th }}$, and $12^{\text {th }}$ grade are $4,110,489,4,255,843$, and $3,737,846$, respectively. Number of students in $9^{\text {th }}$ and $11^{\text {th }}$ grade are interpolated (average of $8^{\text {th }}$ and $10^{\text {th }}$, and $10^{\text {th }}$ and $12^{\text {th }}$, respectively) and are $4,183,166$ and $3,996,844$.
- Analyses use MTF estimates collected from February through the end of May as an estimate for the whole year. This assumes average \# of new initiates per month using estimates from February through May is a close approximation for average \# of new estimates per month when using all 12 months (Colwell et al. 2006. "Variations in the Initiation of Smoking Among Adolescents" Nicotine and Tobacco Research 2006:239-43 doi: 10.1080/14622200600576503").

